THE PRESIDENCY .- A New York letter in the Philadelphia Ledger says: "Thurlow Weed is authority for a report that Conserrative Democrats and Conservative Republicans are really laying their heads together at Washington to put Judge Chase in the field as a third candidate. Weed usually speaks by the card in arrangements of this character, and the impression, therefore, is that there is something in it. No positive movement is to be made in advance the Democratic National Convention for reasons which must be perfectly obvious even to those who are least versed in the mysteries of politics."

THE PEABODY FUND.—The trustees of the Peabody ducation fund closed their deliberation in New York on Wednesday. The object of this meeting has been chiefly to liste a to the semi-annual report of the gen eral agent, Rev. Dr. Sears, of Virginia, ad to make appropriations for the next six menths. Dr. Sears's report is highly satisfactory, as showing the earnest desire of the southern people to cooperate with the trustees, and the progress of the system of education which has been devised, and is being actively carried out under the joint direction of the school superintendents of the southern States and of the general agent. Dr. Sears has been for the last six months travelling through the States of North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama, and Tennessee, conferring with leading gentlemen upon the objects of this magnificent donation, and addressing the people of the principal towns and cities upon the subject of free school education. He has everywhere been received with the utmost kindness and cordiality.

In Memphis and other leading cities of the South he has been tendered the hospialities of the respective cities, and th respect is very encouraging for the estabishment of a thorough system of free chools and normal schools among the States above mentioned. About \$75,000 have been definitely appropriated by the trustees for the ensuing six months, and about \$18,000 additional have been appropriated conditionally upon the raising of money in cooperation by the various communities where aid is thus given, the Board granting aid varying, according to circumstances, from one-third to two-thirds of the amount necessary to sustain the respective schools. Particular attention has been given to the founding of normal schools and the commencement of a system of free school education. Dr. Sears reports the entire people of the South as enthusiastic in their gratitude to Mr. Peabody and the appreciation of his gift.

Resolutions of condolence with the family of the late Hon. William C. Rives, of Virginia, and expressing the trustees' sense of the loss sustained by his death, were passed; and the Board adjourned to meet in Baltimore on the third Thursday of January, 1869 .- New York Times.

REINDICTMENT OF SURRATT,-The grand bury of the Criminal Court of Washington have found a true bill of indictment against John H. Surratt, charging him, under the second section of the act of July 17, 1862, with giving aid and comfort to the enemy. The charge connecting him with the murder of Lincoln is abandoned.

A NEW YORKER RUNS OFF TO EUROPE .-Here is the substance of a strange story that is quite current this afternoon (omitting names). Collector -, of the -Revenue District, was arrested on Saturday last to answer certain serious charges against him, but was released. On Monday he was rearrested at the instance of the Government, and held to bail in the sum of \$100,000. To-day, it is said, he has suddenly taken his departure for Europe, leaving his bondsmen in the lurch. I do not vouch for the statement, yet it comes to me through so many different channels that it cannot well be passed by without this reference to it.—New York Letter to Philadelphia Ledger.

RIGHTS OF NATURALIZED CITIZENS ABROAD.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations have unanimously agreed to postpone the question of the rights of naturalned citizens abroad until the next session, as there are negotiations pending abroad that would be seriously interfered with if Congress should take up the question now.

MEETING OF BRICKMAKERS .- A large meeting of brickmakers was held in Philadelphia on Wednesday. It was stated that the object of the meeting was to devise plans by which an increase of wages could be obtained. The present prices are \$2.50, 83, and \$3.25 per day. It was argued that a consequence of the high price of living an advance to \$4 per day would be required. A committee of two from each yard was appointed to consult with the employers in eference to the advance, and the committee was authorized to report at the next meeting. A committee was appointed to wait on the colored brickmakers to notify them of the action of the meeting. A resolution was adopted requiring the colored brickmakers in future to meet by themselves.

GREAT STORM IN THE WEST .- Cincinnati one 18 .- The heaviest thunder-storm ever hown here visited this city and vicinity ast night. The rain fell in torrents from hidnight until daylight, deleging the Anumber of buildings were struck by lighting, but none destroyed. In the country the damage is supposed to be considerable in the washing away of fences and the destruction of crops.

Received, Atlanta, Ga., June 13, 1868, Mrs. J. M. Ball, one of the committee for the Spotsylvania supper, three hundred the Ladies' Memorial Association at Spotsylvania Courthouse, Va.—the sum laised by the Ladies' Memorial Association of Atlanta.

[Signed] (General) J. B. Gordon. The population of Chicago is made up of 98,964 Americans, 92,433 Germans, 45, 343 Irishmen, 10,520 Englishmen and Scotchmen, 10,302 Scandinavians, and 9,144 lersons of other nativities.

From the New York World, 18th. The Pollard Case-Extraordinary

Scene in a Brooklyn Police Court. Yesterday Mrs. E. A. Pollard, the wife of E. A. Pollard, author of "The Lost Cause," appeared before Justice Cornwell, at City Hall Police Court, Brooklyn, against Mrs. Crotty and Miss Crotty, whose arrest for an alleged assault she had caused upon the previous day. Mr. Pollard was also present, and the defendants appealed by counsel. A confused and painful scene took place between Mr. and Mrs. Pollard. The former, rather large-framed though not tall man, was very pale, and seemed to suf-fer very keenly. The latter is a young wo-man, elegantly attired. She spoke excitedly, and occasionally wept in a semi-hysterical Mr. Pollard said in substance that he was

far from wishing to expose, or prosecute, or injure his wife in any way, but her conduct had become intolerable: loaded pistols were brandished, and he was obliged to take some steps in self-defence. Since the affairs of himself and his wife had come before the public, he wanted to have them investigated in justice to himself. investigated, in justice to himself. He wanted to exculpate himself from the charge of abandonment and cruelty made against him by his wife. He wanted to show that he had made the most ample provision for her support, and that she had spent \$15,000 of his property. He had not abandoned his wife nor ill-treated her, but was pursued by her with a maniacal jea-lousy that had made life intolerable, and separation from her had become the least of two evils. One of the last things he had done was to make over to her the last vestige of his property in another city. He had no other means; she had broken up his business, but was amply provided for herself. Mr. Pollard also said that he wished to make application for a peace warrant against his wife, in order that he might be rid of the annoyance he had been suffering from, and also to get an opportunity to exculpate himself from the charges made against him. Justice Cornwell advised him to consult a good lawyer in regard to his course. The only matter the Court was inquiring into was the charge of assault against Mrs. and

Miss Crotty.

During the above statements and conversation the defendants, through counsel, made application for postponement of the case till to-day, for the production of important witnesses, and this the Justice granted. Still the discussion pro and con continued for some time, the indulgent Justice endeavoring to accommodate the aggrieved husband and wife, who made much more ado about each other than about the Crotty family.

During Mr. Pollard's remarks he exhibited a letter recently written to him by his wife, in which she tells him to seek her no more, and that if he did so she would shoot him. It was upon this and other threats that he wished to found a claim for peace warrant against her. Mrs. Pollard made a vehement reply to

her husband's remarks, protesting by the Almighty and the spirit of her father that every word he said was false, and that she loved with all her soul, and "more than ever woman loved." Three weeks ago he had attempted her life, and she had a warrant against him for assault with intent to kill. Yesterday she sought him at his office and entreated him to tell her where he lived. He said it was not a proper place for her; that it was a place of low repute, and kept by low Irish people; that the owner lived then with a woman who he said was his wife, but that he (Pollard) did not DERER OF MISS LUMSDEN.—The feeling believe it, as he could be "intimate" with against Reuben D. Herndon, the allege her or any other woman there. She answered that if it was a proper place for him it was for her, and insisted upon going home with him. Arrived there, she found him professing to occupy a little filthy hall bedroom, which no decent person would live in. She asked for the keeper of the house, and a woman came, when she asked how long her husband had been stopping there. The woman said, "Ask me in a proper manner, you d- b-, and I will answer you." The woman kicked her, beat her, tore her car-rings off, etc., etc., while her husband stood by and made no attempt to interfere. This and much more Mrs. Pollard would have repeated and dilated upon, but the indulgent Justice at length got the parties to drop further discussion there, showing them that he had not a general commission to hear them abuse each other, but was only interested in settling the charge of assault against the Crottys. Before they retired from the court, however, Mrs. Pollard sprung a little trap which she had ready set. It appears that she had some time ago procured a warrant from the Jefferson Market Police Magistrate for her husband's arrest, and she had brought an officer with her to the City Hall, Brooklyn. To this officer she "tipped the wink," and Mr. Pollard was taken in custody. The charge preferred against him is that about three weeks ago he assaulted his wife with intent to kill. Mr. Pollard was taken before the Jefferson Market Magistrate, and Mrs. Pollard also made her way there. After waiting some time for the Magistrate, the parties appeared before him, but nothing was done further than to postpone the hearing of the case till 2 o'clock to-day, at the re-

Card from Mr. Pollard. New YORK, June 17, 1868.

Mrs. Pollard of an assault and battery in

Brooklyn you admit this remarkable state-

To the Editor of the Herald: In your police report of the complaint of

quest of the defendant.

ment: "Mrs. Pollard informed the magistrate that she had been married to her husband about three years, but soon after discovered that he had another wife; upon which she left him." A similar report has also appeared in every newspaper in this city and in Brooklyn. Now, if this statement was made, it was made after I had withdrawn from the court-room on the assurance that the proceeding for that day was ended. It was made out of my presence and out of my hearing. It was made without the obligation of any oath, or without the addition of any circumstance to entitle it to belief. This morning I protested to the Judge that a statement should have been entertained when I had no opportunity to contradict or to challenge it; and I then took occasion to denounce it as totally, daringly, atrociously, libellously false. It is my determination to try the question in a court of law, at least with reference to those newspapers which do not allow me the benefit of this protest, whether the publication of a naked assertion, made in the circumstances referred to, does not fall within the definition of libel; else it does appear that no man's reputation is safe—that he may be accused in newspapers of any crime in the decalogue by a mere hardy, unscrupulous assertion, made out of his hearing, without an oath, or without even a grain of natural pro-hability to entice credulity. I did not choose, when I appeared in court, to enter into a mere competition of assertions—the mere chaff of "statements"—but it appears that I have suffered from my abstention in this regard by having a multitude of Mrs. Pollard's statements industriously placed to my discredit, while I continued properly and decorously silent in immediate expec-tation of a legal investigation. It is a poor, excuse, and but little satisfaction to the party injured, to say that these edious reports were given only as assertions; the very fact that they were assertions should have prevented their publication; and if, as is often pleaded in defence of the news, all of the results of the news, and no ill effects were apprehended until Sunday, when it first grew painful. paper doing this wrong, they really do not affect reputation—if they are harmless, null, and void—then we have still sucther

I have been weak in the policy of warding off and compromising, finding that scandal by such weak policy only becomes bolder and more imaginative; and I have at last resolved—using an expression the peculiar significance of which makes amends for its coarseness-to "take the bull by the horns," and acquit myself at once and forever of a matter that has too long governed and oppressed me.

It is particularly hard to be accused of "abandoning" my wife when I have spent on her peculiar and heartless extravagances more than \$15,000 in two years, (all the fruits of my literary labor,) and was recently compelled to deed absolutely to her the last vestige of property I have—landed estate in Washington city, worth six or seven thousand dollars, which is now being extricated from a decree of confiscation, but from which, through an engagement with a lawyer, she draws, pending the litigation, twenty-five dollars a week—while I am absolutely without means and without employment. Boward A. Polsard.

THE HOLMES TRAGEDY-STATEMENT OF SAMUEL ANDREWS: Boston, June 18 .-Samuel Andrews has made a long state ment, in which he confesses he killed Cornelius Holmes, in Kingston, Mass. The confession was laid before the grand jury yesterday, and has been made public. is understood that the grand jury rejected the statement. He says: "Holmes asked me to walk with him down to the new cemetery to see some new lots. We passed out by the back end of my lot, by Mr. Bradford's and Mr. McLaughlin's lots, by the path that leads to the stile into the cemetery, and sat down on the steps of the stile a few minutes; he then told me that he was going to buy him two hats in Boston, and asked my sovice as to buying him an every-day coat; and then asked me what he should buy me. I told him to suit himself. He then asked me to walk a little way with him. I told him I was tired, and we had better go home. We then started, and he took me and drew me down the road on which his body was found. He stopped on the bank, on the left-hand side of the road, where his hat was found among the trees, and asked me to come in there. I told him I should not. He then came out from among the trees, looking like a madman, and caught hold of me and threw me down, pulled my pants open and got on top of me, and treated me roughly. I caught up a stone that was near my right hand, and struck him with it on the side of the head. He caught me by the beard, then by the hair. I think he fell once or twice. felt that I must kill him to save myself. I struck him twice on the head and then ran to the cemetery pond and washed the blood fro n my face and hands several times. He has attempted something of this kind before—once while he was living at his father's house. He came to my house one stormy night and stayed all night, when he under-took the same thing. I told of this occurrence about that time to L. Wilson Barnes. now of Attleboro'. He (Cornelius Holmes) has been so sorry about the transaction that I had forgiven him."

The above embraces all that Andrews says directly relating to the tragedy. The opinions are various as to how much credit should be given to it, but his friends seem to feel somewhat relieved, and appear to gather a little hope, as some circumstances tend to corroborate it in some particulars.

THREATS AGAINST THE ALLEGED MURagainst Reuben D. Herndon, the alleged murderer of Miss Lumsden, appears to be increasing in its intensity, and threats are understood to have been made of forcing the jail at Orange Courthouse for the pur-

pose of procuring his person. It is reported an assault was to have been made on the jail on Saturday last, and if successful he was to be brought to the scene of the supposed murder and there executed. It is said only some dozen of persons met at Orange Courthouse on the day appointed, and that a hundred or more having been expected, the scheme was abandoned. There is no doubt that the report was rife in the lower end of the county as to the supposed rescue from the officers of the law and a determination to wreak speedy vengeance, for a large number of persons assembled on Saturday last at the spot where the murder of Miss L. is supposed to have been committed.—Fredericks burg Herald.

The bank case—Thomas Branch & Sons, of Petersburg, Va., vs. William Grimes, Esq., a stockholder of the Bank of Washington, N. C .- was concluded Tuesday. The case was submitted to the jury by Judge Brooks in a concise and perspicuous charge on the law and the evidence. The jury retired, and in a short time returned with a verdict in favor of the defendant. The counsel for the plaintiffs presented exceptions to the ruling of the Judge, and the case will probably go up to the Supreme Court of the United States. The point involved was the liability of private stockholders pledged in the charter for notes of a bank. It is a case involving consequences in which a large number of persons in the State are deeply interested, as there are understood to be several others of a similar character pending .- Petersburg Express.

EXPLOSION OF A STEAM FIRE-ENGINE-FIVE PERSONS KILLED .- New York, June 18.—A steam fire-engine exploded her boiler while playing at a fire in the Bowery tonight. Five persons were killed and several wounded.

STRAWBERRIES.—On Monday the cars of the Camden and Atlantic road brought to Philadelphia, from various places along the road, 125,000 quarts of strawberries. Fifty thousand quarts were re-shipped to New York, and 75,000 quarts were for Phila-

A convention of Israelites is to meet in New York on June 21st to confer upon the practicability of causing a general observance of their Sabbath. The Messenger says: "There exists no reason, of which we are aware, for Israelites to decline complying with the natural and biblical law. There can be no misconstruction of the direct scriptural command. We should be proud and grateful for the sight of synagogues crowded Kriday evenings and Sab bath with earnest worshippers, who do not begrudge the hours spent in public service, and who propose spending the day as their forefathers did—in the home circle, enjoying the bliss and serenity of family reunions, which in times past served so successfully to keep ever active and vigorous the beautiful Jewish life, the theme of poets, the grateful recollection of many a Hebrew now a stranger to his people and his religion."

We have rejected as idle rumors several unauthenticated reports that Deacon Andrews had confessed the murder of his neighbor Cornelius Holmes, of Plymouth. Mass. At length we have it on what seems credible authority that the Deacen, who was one of the first citizens of Plymouth, has made such a confession, claiming that the act was in self-defence.—New York

slight, and no ill affects were apprehended until Sunday, when it first grew painful.

paper doing this wrong, they really do not affect reputation—if they are harmless, null, and void—then we have still another reason why they should have been omitted.

I meet, demand, court, and invite investigation. But I have been willing to swait the due course of the law, and I ask the newspapers and the public to show an equal willingness. For more than a year I have

SPEAKING AT MARION, General Terry. followed by Governor McMullin, address the people of Smyth at the court-house on Tuesday last, and made able and effective speeches. In the afternoon, J. T. Campbell, Esq., made one of his best efforts. He was followed by Dr. Hoffman .- Abingdon Virginian.

The Richmond Examiner is entirely in error in giving Parr, late member of the Convention, credit for originating the term "carpet-bagger," as applied to the Yankee adventurers who come South for office. The term was first used by a negro speaker in Nashville, Tennessee, over two years ago, when that State had just entered upon her downward course of reconstruction .- Harrisonburg Commonwealth.

The Reconstruction Committee held a meeting vesterday. The subject of the Virginia registration was still under discussion, but no conclusion was arrived at in regard to it. The committee agreed to report a bill appropriating 875,000 for reconstruction purposes in Virginia.—Na-

The Utica Herald says that Mr. Chase's letter declaring himself not a candidate for office, but averring that it will gratify him if the Democrats would go for universal suffrage, reads much like the old gentleman's advice to his sons : "Boys, it is very wrong to go fishing on Sunday, and is contrary to my orders; but you know your father likes fish!"

The case of Laura Waldron vs. Caroline Richings was on trial again Wednesday in the Marine Court, New York. The plaintiff brought the suit to recover for services as a singer in the Richings Opera Troupe. The case was tried about a month ago, when the jury were unable to agree. The trial was to be concluded Thursday.

The Fredericksburg Herald says that on

ten acres of land George P. Goodloe, Esq., of Spotsylvania, last year made \$1,425 from tobacco and \$500 from wheat—or \$200 per acre in two years for land that would probably sell for ten dollars. The name of Senator Hendricks in con-

nection with the nomination for President seems to be regarded here with increasing favor, and it is not doubted that he will poll a large vote on the first ballot .- Washington telegram.

The speeches of Colonel Withers and General Walker at Harrisonburg last Monday are highly commended by the papers there. So as to the speeches at Staunton the next day.

Henry A. Wise is preparing a book which contains the reminiscences of his life. It cannot fail to be interesting. It is to be published by a Boston house.—New York Commercial. John C. Breckinridge has been sued in

Paris by a boarding-house keeper for a debt of a couple of thousand francs .- Cincinnati Commercial. [We don't believe this story.] A contract has been made for building a new Episcopal church in Harrisonburg for

the congregation of which Rev. T. U. Dudley, Jr., is pastor. The wheat in this section is ripening very fast, and the harvest will be much

better than expected .- Bristol News. General Canby telegraphs to General Grant that the report of outrages in Ker-

shaw, S. C., was unfounded. The wife of Manton Marble, editor of the w York World, died on Wednesday.

AGRICULTURAL.

MCCORMICK'S SELF-RAKING REAPER.—We have now in store, and will sell on the most accommodating terms, the best SELF-RAKING REAPER SELF-RAKING REAPER
in the world. No one who regards economy of
labor and saving of grain will use a hand-raking
reaper. The wheat saved by the *self-rake* over
hand labor will pay many times over for the increased cost of the machine; and, in addition to
that, the labor of one man is dispensed with.

THRESHERS and CLEANERS,
HORSE-POWERS, &c.,
as well as WHEAT RAKES, WHEAT GLEANERS, and CRADLES, for the harvest, now ready,
my 26—d&wtjy23 H. M. SMITH & CO.

BUCKEYE MOWER AND REAPER.
We are agents for the sale of this celebrated MOWER and REAPER, and have a supply now in store, which we will sell at the lowest prices and on the best terms. We also offer for sale the

BUCKEYE SULKY CULTIVATOR, the best corn plow in the world.
THRESHERS and SEPARATORS, THRESH-ING DRUMS, HORSE-POWERS, &c., &c., of our own make. J. W. CARDWELL & CO., 1422 and 1424 Cary street my 23_d&wlm G RAIN CRADLES, SCYTHES, for sale by ALLISON & ADDISON, 1320 Cary street.

WOOD AND COAL. NTHRACITE COAL .- Some three months ago I met with Mr. M. H. Merriman, inquired very particularly concerning my coal e, expressed a wish to enter into the coal busiwho inquired very particularly concerning my coal trade, expressed a wish to enter into the coal business with me, called at my place of business, and was satisfied with everything save one—viz., My "political bad name." He assured me that he was as radical as I was; he would go farther than he had heard of my going; he would hang Jeff Davis and the rebel pet Robert E. Lee; then we should have peace. Since that time Mr. M. has entered into the coal trade with another party, and to my face tells me that with his vast wealth and my bad name he shall teach me a lesson long to be remembered, and dares me to make the above statement.

BURNHAM WARDWELL.

All the rebel papers in Bichmond will give the above three insertions, and send bill to my office. B. W.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.-LAY IN YOUR STOCK WHILE COAL IS CHEAP.—I am selling the best RED and WHITE ASH ANTHRACITE COAL at the lowest market Have on hand also a large quantity of MIDLO-THIAN COAL of the different grades. SEASONED OAK and PINE WOOD always on

nand. Office and yard Anthracite Coal, Cary and Seveninous Coal and Wood yard, Fourteenth street near Danville depot.

WM. HALL CREW.

T AY IN YOUR FUEL FOR THE WIN-TER. PRICES ARE AT THE LOWEST POINT,

TO WIT : ANTHRACITE COAL, \$7.50 per ton; CLOVER HILL COAL (LUMP), \$6.50 per load; SAWED OAK AND PINE WOOD, \$7@\$7.50 per cord:

LONG OAK AND PINE WOOD, \$5@6.50 per J. M. PILCHER, Eighthstreet between Main and Cary.

A NTHACITE COAL.—Coal consumers, A Changed the price of COAL from \$19.50 to \$7.50. Give me your aid, and at once I will reduce to tower. A move is now being made to drive me out of the coal trade. If out i must go, I shall go at front face, crying DOWN, DOWN with the price of ANTHRACITE COAL.

10.9 BURNHAM, WARDWELL. A NTHRACITE COAL.-1,000 tons choice

quality LORBERRY RED ASH EGG and rove COALS for sale. I am prepared to offer a most liberal terms to those wishing to purchase their winter supply.
Office and yard corner Seventeenth and Dock
Ite 41 WIRT ROBERTS.

DLACK HETH COAL! BLACK HETH COAL!

BLACK HETH COAL!!

Fam now prepared to furnish dealers and manufacturers with this favorite coal.

BOBERT MARKS,

Midlothian post-office,

Chesterfield county.

WOOD AND COAL.—All in want of good WOOD or COAL will do well to call at Nineteenth and Cary streets, where they will be supplied with best ANTHRACITE COAL, for Francis Todd, about twenty-one years of age, was bitten in the hand by a small dog, in New Haven, two or three weeks ago, and start word, are some at \$7 per cord, delivered. All coal and wood warranted as represented, my 16 CHARLES H. PAGE.

> HARDWARE. POLITING CLOTH, BEST ANKER

my 18

BOLTING CLOTH, from No. 1 to No. 10. Also, a full stock of BUILDERS: AND FARMERS HARDWARE, to which we invite the city and country trade, wholesals and retail; HILLING and WEEDING HOES, GRAIN and GRASS BLADES, NAILS, BOPE, BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS, AC., AC., MATKINS, COTTRELL & CO., my 25-lm my 25_1m

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

LATEST NEWS PRON WASHINGTON Special Telegram to the Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, June 19, 1868. BUNGBED RESIGNATION OF MR. M'CULLOCH. The Washington Star states that Secretary McCulloch has transmitted his resignation to the President. The immediate cause of resignation being the attacks on Mr. McCulloch in papers friendly to the President. This announcement may be correct, but up to a late hour to-night the President had not received any notice of the fact from Mr. McCulloch.

POSTMASTER OF WASHINGTON. It is understood that W. W. Moore, Esq., of the Board of Aldermen of Wasington, will be nominated in a day or two to be postmaster of this city, in place of Bowen, whose term of office has expired.

THE RESIGNATION OF MR. BOLLINS. It is argued by eminent lawyers that the resignation of Mr. Rollins takes effect, at once upon the acceptance thereof by the President, and that the condition attached to the resignation, namely-to take effect when a successor is nominated and confirmed-is null and void, as it is not in the power of an officer to make his resignation depend upon such condition or terms.

THE PRESIDENT URGED TO ISSUE A PROCLA-MATION OF GENERAL AMNESTY. Prominent Conservatives are urging the President to issue a proclamation of general amnesty to take effect on the 4th of

TO-MORROW VETO THE ARKANSAS BILL.

It is now expected that the President will to-morrow send to Congress a message vetoing the Arkansas bill. Up to to this evening the general impression had been that Mr. Johnson would permit the bill to become a law by the lapse of ten days.

Affray in Danville. Special telegram to the Dispatch.

DANVILLE, VA., June 19, 1868. An altercation took place this morning between L. M. Shumaker and William T. Rainey, growing out of a newspaper controversy which has been progressing for a week or two, in which Shumaker received several blows. Rainey closed in on Shumaker too soon to allow Shumaker to strike him. Both parties were arrested. They were taken before the Mayor, and bound over in the sum of five hundred dollars each for their good behavior for twelve

Congressional,

months.

WASHINGTON, June 19 .- Senate .- A bill was introduced transferring the control of the Indians to the Freedmen's Bureau. The vote rejecting the bill relieving from ax the exporters of distilled rum was reconsidered and the bill passed. Pacific railroad matters were discussed

until adjournment. House.—The bill providing for the safety of passengers carried on steam vessels, and culating the system, was passed with

a division. The Conference Committee's report on the bill for relieving parties from political disabilities was rejected-78 to 55; not a two-thirds majority. The Democrats, on account of the erasure of the names of two Democrats from the list to be relieved, voted

with the Republicans, who oppose pardon in any shape. The result of the vote produces much dissatisfaction among the Republicans. Some of them claimed that without the passage of this bill congressional reconstruction would be a failure, and untold

evil would result. Mr. Broomall, who had changed his vote for the purpose, moved a reconsideration of the vote; and the motion prevailing, the

question comes up again next Monday. The Senate's amendment to the bill continuing the Freedmen's Bureau was concurred in, and the bill now goes to the Pre-

sident. Adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Chief Justice Chase certainly to be a Candidate for the Democratic Nomination-The Treatment of the Military Prisoners in Georgia to be Looked Into-The Failure of the Disability Relief Bill, &c.

WASHINGTON, June 19 .- The Express this afternoon says it is reported on good authority that Chief Justice Chase has written a letter, to be read in the National Democratic Convention, placing himself squarely on any platform the Convention may determine on, but urging that negro suffrage be recognized and universal amnesty demanded.

Private advices from Atlanta represent that the civilians held by the military at Columbus, Ga., are treated with increased vigor. The House Judiciary Committee contemplates bringing the matter before the House on Monday.

Secretary McCulloch has not resigned,

hough a report to that effect was published

in an evening paper. The defeat of the political disability rehef bill in the House this evening created

a strong fluttering. It is very likely that it will pass on Monday, though the Democrats will vote solidly against it, unless Houston, of Alabama, and Jones, of Tennessee, are restored by it. WASHINGTON, June 19 .- The dredge boat

to clear out the mouth of the Mississippi river left Boston yesterday for New Or-

Louisiana Radicals Brought to Grief-General Grant "Goes Back" on Them-The New Officers not to be Installed until the State is Admit-

New ORLEANS, June 19 .- A telegram from General Grant is promulgated by General Buchanan in the form of an order | the most celebrated manufacturers. A large and for instruction and guidance to all concerned. General Grant approves General Buchanan's course both in regard to the State and municipal offices. He says the civil officers elected cannot be installed until the State is admitted into the Union. Until then the State Government is provisional, and entirely under General Buchanan's control. He leaves the matter of the oath of office entirely to General Buchanan's judgment, but suggests, however, that the oath prescribed by the new Constitution only should be required. If the suggestion be adopted, it will permit many officers to qualify who could not otherwise do so.

Georgis Politics—The Columbus Prisoners-Honors to Ex-President Bu chanan's Memory.

ATLANTA, GA., June 19 .- General John B. Gordon publishes a card declining to allow the use of his name in the election for United States senator.

respect to the memory of ex-President Bushanan. Twenty-eight of the Celumbus prisoners are here under military guard, some of them in close cells. It is said they are ar-

rested for participation in the murder of Ashburne last spring. Carey W. Styles's new paper, The Consti-tution, is gaining great popularity.

The first lot of new wheat was sold here yesterday at \$2.10 per bushel.

Crops in Georgia SAVANNAH, Ga., June 19.—Reports from the crops are good though rain is much

needed in this portion of the State. ATLANTA, GA., June 19 .- The crop pr pects are not flattering, on account of the dry weather.

The Rowing Match at Philadelphia Hamill Wins by an Accident PHILADELPHIA, June 19 .- According the decision of the referees yesterday, the match between Hamill and Coulter was rowed over to-day. Coulter's our broke on the third pull, and Hamill rowed slowly

over the course. Railroads at the West-The California

Wheat Crop. San Francisco, June 19 .- The last ga in the railroad connecting California with Nevada was closed to-day. The first samples of new wheat were received to-day. The quality is excellent.

Review of the English Volunteers LONDON, June 19 .- The Queen reviews the volunteers to-morrow. No business will be transacted on the Stock Exchange or in the produce market.

Domestic Markets.

NEW YORK, June 19.—Noon.—Sterling, 110. Gold, 140%. United States bonds—Old, 113; new, 113%. North Carolina 6's— Ex-coupons, 73; new, 71. Virginia 6's— Ex-coupons, 5934; new, 5734. Tennessee 6's—Ex-coupons, 75; new, 7436. Flour unchanged. Wheat 1@2c. better, and very quiet. Corn dull and lc. lower. Rye rooping. Oats dull and lower. Pork dull at \$28.50. Lard dull at 171/20171/c. Cotton firmer at 31c. Turpentine steady

at 45 %c. Rosin quiet. Evening.—Cotton firmer and less active : sales of 1,900 bales at 31c. Flour favors buyers, but with prices unchanged. Wheat quiet and 2c. better. Corn heavy; mixed western, \$1.05@\$1.07½. Mess pork, \$28.12½. Lard drooping. Groceries quiet. Turpentine, 45@46c. Rosin, \$3.20@\$7.50. Freights firmer for grain and quiet for

BALTIMORE, June 19 .- Cotton, .31c. Flour-Low grades declined 25c.; other grades unchanged. Wheat very dull. Corn firm. Oats and rye unchanged. Bacon active; shoulders, 14@1414c. Lard, 18@

18½c. Georgia 6's, 85 bid. Virginia 6's, 1866 45; 1867, 44 bid, and 45 asked. CINCINNATI, June 19 .- Flour unchanged Corn dull and declining at 88c. Bacon dull

and nominally unchanged. Lard, 171/c St. Louis, June 19.—Flour very dull; superfine, \$7.121/2@\$7.25. Corn dull at 84 @85c. Mess pork active at \$28.25@828.50. Bacon quiet; shoulders, 13c.; clear sides,

WILMINGTON, N. C., June 19 .- Spirits urpentine closed excited at 40c. Rosinslower grades buoyant; strained, \$2.20; No. 2, \$2.30@\$2.35; No. 1, \$3@\$4.121/2; pale \$4.50. Tar firm at 84.75. CHARLESTON, June 19 .- Cotton advanced

1c.; sales, 350 bales; receipts, 5 bales;

exports, coastwise, 173 bales; middlings Augusta, June 19 .- Cotton firmer; sellers holding off; sales, 50 bales; middling,

29c. SAVANNAH, June 19 .- Cotton in good demand; firmness on the part of holders restricts business; only small lots are offer-

sales, 41 middlings, 301/2c. MOBILE, June 19.—Cotton - middlings nominal at 28c.; nothing doing; receipts, 55 bales; for the week, 76 bales; sales for the week, 1,130 bales; exports, coastwise,

1,090 bales; stock on hand and on shipboard not cleared, 10,269 bales. NEW ORLEANS, June 19.—Cotton excited and unsettled. Middlings, 281/4c. Sales. 350 bales; for the week, 3,871 bales. Receipts, 122 bales; for the week, 428 bales. Exports, 389 bales; for the week, 344 bales. Coastwise-Philadelphia, 359 bales; New

bales. Sugar and molasses dull. Foreign Markets.

LONDON, June 19 .- Noon .- Consols, 95@ 9518. United States bonds, 7318@731/4. Paris, June 19 .- The bullion in the Bank of France has increased 7,000,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, June 19 .- Noon .- Cotton buoyant; sales for the day estimated at 15,000 bales. Sales for the week, 89,000 bales, of which 15,000 were for export and 11,000 for speculation. Stock, 610,000 bales, of which 364,000 are American. Corn, 34s. 9d. Other articles unchanged. Afternoon.-Cotton-Sales, 20,000 bales ; uplands, 11%d.; Orleans, 11%d. Yarns and fabrics higher. Wheat firmer. Pork declined to 80s. Lard dull.

Extract from Oxley's Monthly Tobacco Circular. Extract from Oxley's Monthly Tobacco Circular.

LONDON, June 3, 1868.

The demand for tobacco reported in our Circular of 3d ultimo continued, with little intermission, throughout the month of May, and the business is estimated to reach a total of about 1,700 hogsheads of all descriptions.

Virginia.—Leaf—Short, sound and dry, middling leafy to good and fine spinners, selections, 4@10, Stemmed—Ordinary short, middling to good, fine spinners, 5@11.

Maryland's, 34@84 and 9.

Western.—Leaf—Low ordinary exports, 2@4; factory dried, common to fair, and good quality, 4@8; fine selections, 8@10. Stemmed—Short and common, 54@6; middling, good parcels, 64@8; fine selections, 9@11.

Liverpool, June 4, 1868.

During the past month this tobacco market con-

During the past month this tobacco market continued quiet, and presented a dull appearance a contrasted with the few preceding ones. The safe are estimated to be about 900 hogsbeads, and is such a limited total, spread over a whole month there is nothing to call for special comment. It there is nothing to call for special comment. In prices we have no alteration to notice; and although the market has been devoid of interest, all current descriptions are held with firmness at the under-mentioned quotations:

Virginia.—Leaf—Ordinary and faded, ordinary sound, fair dry leafy, good and fine, 4@10, Memmed—Ordinary short, fair leafy, good and fine, 5@10.

5@10. Western. Leaf-Ordinary exports, fine dark long, middling to fine dry, selected and colory, 24@10. Stemmed—Ordinary, 54@6; middling to good, 7@8; fine selections, 9@11.

Maryland.—Dry, leafy, and sweet, 34@6; colory and fine, 7@6.

TOILET ARTICLES.

CUPERIOR ENGLISH TOOTH BRUSHES varied assortment just received and for sale by J. BLAIR, Druggist,

DICH FRENCH FLOWERS. Mrs. N. C. BARTON has received handsome REAL FRENCH FLOWERS and CORAL for dressing the hair, and fine black NEAPOLITAN HATS and BONNETS, em-broidered, 1312 Main street, over J. H. Tyler & Co.'s jewelry store. je 15—codstwit

325 Broad street.

DRICES REDUCED-CHARCOAL WATER-COOLERS - COLD, COLDER, COLDEST. - DAVID PARE & SONS are making in Bichmond the best WATER-COOLER in use. They DAVID PARR & SONS, PIRITS TURPENTINE.-Five barrels SPIRETS TURPENTINE daily expected direct from the manufacturers, for sale by a time.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—Pifty tons PERU-VIAN GUANO now landing and for sale by ALLISON & ADDISON. 1220 Cary street. MAINING FUSE of every variety offered At the garrison to-day guns were fired in M by manufacturer's agents.

At the garrison to-day guns were fired in M by manufacturer's agents.

At the garrison to-day guns were fired in M by manufacturer's agents.

NEW IRISH POTATOES for sale on con-signment by ARMINTEAD & CARY. A ROTTO CONGRESS WATER at EZEKIEL'S SODA SALOON.

L ADIES' SODA SALOON, CORNER OF TRYIT-EZERIEL'S TRIX. je 5_Tuasim

DET GOOSE

A PLEASANT SURPRISE: To a that Goods can be bought as except as best the war, and some at even LOWER PRICE THAN EVER! Call and get some of the be

gains;
Bleached Cottons at 19 and 134c, per yard;
Nest Calleyes at 134c, worth ide, per yard;
Mozambiques and Berages, is and Mc., wort 6
Best Jacoust Lawns at 25c., pretty styles;
Brown Lines Drill and Duck at Mc., per yard
White Lines Duck and Drilling, the best
chemest;

White Linen Duck and Drillings the best as cheapest;
Spiendid assortment of Cassimores and Tweeds;
8-4 Organdies, Berages, and Grenadines, shawls;
Palm-leaf, Linen, and Silk Fans, of all kinds;
Plain and Headed Parasols, latest designs;
All sizes Silk Sun Umbrellas at low prices;
Swiss, Nainsook, and Checked Monseelaines, Dimities, Brilliants, White shad Buff Marsellies, Irintens, Linen Lawns, Organdies, Geenadines, Black Silks, Table Dannack, Naphins, Towel Marsellies, Quilts, Phlow-case and Sheeling, Lens, Hoop Skirts; Hemstitched, Embroideres and Lace Handkerchiefs; Gloves, Mills, Hoeler, Ribbons, Bugle Trimmings, Embroideries; Pape Linen, and Lace Gollars, Rufflings, &c., &c. Ostock being very complete and prices low, we deconfident of suiting purchasers in overy respect.
WILLIAM THALHIMER & SONS,
No. 315 Broad street, between Third and Fourth and also 1819 Main street (Ezeklei's old stand).
N. B.—Mr. GUS, THADHIMER has charge of the STRAUSE are with us, and will be pleased to sert their friends.

A MERICAN TRADE PALACE, No. 490 BROAD STREET,—Just received at American Trade Palace another beautiful sto of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS: of SPEING and SUMMER GOODS:

Beautiful Lawns, fast colors, 20c. per yard:
Check Muslin, 16c. and upwards: Beautiful Dotted
Swiss Muslin, 25c. and upwards: Ladies' and
Misses' Hats, 10c. and upwards: Ladies' and
Misses' Shaker Hoods, 15c. apiece: Beautiful Prain
and Beaded Parasols, 8. 50 and upwards; Beautiful Stin-striped Lenos and Mozambiques, double

very cheap. Silverware, Jewelry, and Albums, great variety, very low. [je 20] S. HEINE.

No humbug.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Being compelled to move, in order to have our store enlarged, we shall therefore offer our

which is complete in all its branches, AT COST

FOR CASH until the 1st of September. HIRSH & GUGGENHEIMER W. C. KEAN, T. C. CHENERY, Salesmen.

SELLING OFF! SELLING OFF!! TO CLOSE! TO CLOSE!!

With the view of engaging in another business Thave determined to close out my ENTIRE STOCK OF DRY GOODS, which is very large, for a short time only, AT AND BELOW COST.

It would be useless to attempt to enun

the stock is complete in all branches, and every sr-ticle MUST be sold regardless of cost; and what-ever remains unsold within a short time will be disposed of at auction.

This is a chance rarely offered to consumers of lry goods, and will be to the interest of all in want

particular goods or prices, and will only say that

to call early at ISAAC HUTZLER'S, je 3 No. 529 Broad street, corner of Sixth NEW GOODS—NEW GOODS.—

VALENTINE PLACE.—We have just received our supply of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, consisting in part of DRESS TRIMINGS, WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS, &c. We desire to call the special attention of the ladies to our well-selected stock of Embroidered and Thread Edgings, Real Lace Collars and Laces, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Parasols, &c., which we are offering at very low figures.

are offering at very low figures.

ARMISTEAD & BIBB,

ap 14 corner Ninth and Broad streets

LEGAL NOTICES. COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, May 26, 1868. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND: JOHNSON'S ADMINISTRATOR, &c., VS. JOHNSON'S EXECUTOR AND ALS.—The following is an extract from a decree entered in this cause on the 11th of March, 1888:

"On consideration whereof the court, without the court of the court, without the court of th

March, 1868:

"On consideration whereof the court, without at this time determining any other matter in the cause, doth adjudge, order, and decree that it be referred to one of the commissioners of this court with instructions to state and settle the following accounts...to wit:

"1st. The accounts of Andrew Johnston as executor of George N. Johnson, deceased.

"2. The accounts of A. F. D. Gifford, deceased, as administrator of Carter P. Johnson, deceased, and as guardian of the infant children of the said Carter P. Johnson, deceased.

"3. The accounts of William B. Ball as administrator of A. F. D. Gifford, deceased.

"In stating and settling which said accounts the said commissioner shall treat as prima factoror settled according to law, subject to be surcharged and falsified by any party interested, upon proper and sufficient proof before him; and the said commissioner may call before him and examine upon oath any of the parties, as well as any witnesses that may be produced or may appear before him.

"The said commissioner shall also report to the court whether any, and if any what, balance is due from the said A. F. D. Gifford, and to whom the same is properly payable; whether any, and if any what, balance is due from the said A. F. D. Gifford, deceased, as administrator of Carter P. Johnson, deceased, as administrator of a guardian of the infant children of the said Carter P. Johnson, deceased, and which of the surcties of the said A. F. D. Gifford, and to whom the ford. As guardian or as a guardian of the infant children of the said Carter P. Johnson, deceased, and which of the surcties of the said A. F. D. Gifford, and to say a guardian of the first procession. York, 1,402 bales. Stock on hand, 8,634

Gifford, deceased, as administrator of Carter P. Johnson, deceased, or as guardian of the infant children of the said Carter P. Johnson, deceased, and which of the sureties of the said A. F. D. Gifford, as guardian or as administrator as aforesaid, are solvent, if living, or, if dead, have left assets liable to the payment of such balances; and whether any, and if any what, assets of the estate of George N. Johnson, deceased, are remaining in the hands of his executor, Andrew Johnson, applicable to the payment of such balances, and if not, to whom the same is payable; together with any matter specially stated which the said commissioner may deem material, or which he may be required by any of the parties so to state.

"The said commissioner, before proceeding to take the said accounts, shall give notice to the parties and to all other persons interested as creditors or otherwise in the several estates of George N. Johnson, deceased, and A. F. D. Gifford, deceased, of the time and place of taking the same, by publishing the same once a week for four successive weeks in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, which publication shall be equivalent to a personal service of notice on the said parties, or any of them.

"And the said commissioner shall also give notice that he will at such time and place receive proof of debts or demands against the several estates aforesaid by posting the same as required by law."

The parties interested are hereby notified that I have fixed on MONDAY the 13th of day of July, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M., as the time, and my office, No. 510 Franklin street, in the city of Richmond, as the place, to take the accounts directed by the aforesaid decree.

THOMAS J. EVANS,

Je 4—Thaw Commissioner in chancery.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF CHESTERFIELD COUNTY, MAY TERM, ISS.
SUSAN RHODES VS. CHARLES H. RHODES'S
ADMINISTRATOR, &C.; LAMBETH & FRANCIS VS. THE SAME.—This day these two causes
came on to be heard upon the bill taken for confessed as to all the defendants, and upon the exhibits filed, and was argued by counsel; on consideration whereof the Court doth adjadge, order, and decree that it be referred to one of the
commissioners of this court, to take an account of
the transactions of Charles H. Rhodes, deceased,
as executor of Holden Rhodes, ahowing what balance there may be due from the said Charles H.
Rhodes as executor of Holden Rhodes, deceased,
to Mrs. Susan Rhodes as widow and distributee of
the said Holden Rhodes, and accounts of the transactions of A. H. Perkins and Henry M. Drewry,
administrators of Charles H. Rhodes, deceased;
and an account of the assets, real and personal, of
Charles H. Rhodes, deceased, and the value thereof; and the outstanding debts and liabilities of
Charles H. Rhodes, deceased, and the value thereof; and the commissioner shall publish this
notice in some newspaper, once a week for foursuccessive weeks, published in the city of Richmond, which shall be equivalent to personal service, and take report to court, together with any
matter decensed pertinent by the commissioner, or
which may be required by any parties interested to
be specially stated.

A copy. NATHAN H. COGBILL, Clerk. IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF CHES-

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, MANCHESTER, June 17, 1868.

JAMES A. CLARKE. TOTICE-TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CON-CERN.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed by the Circuit Court fibe United States for the District of Virgini

nebted to said banks are hereby hosined forthwith
to pay such debts only to the receiver or his duly
suphorized agents or attorneys; and all persons
awing claims against said banks must forthwith
the notices of the same, acting forth the amount
claimed, with me. DAVID J. BAUNDERS,
je 2.—Tu&FiNovis[ii] Receiver. NOTICE.—The undersigned, having qualified as administrator on the estate of william Currie, deceased, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate that they will be re-

je s. Mim

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have made application for the remeval of a certificate of FIFTY SHARES OF STOCK ON THE OLD DOMINION IRON AND SAIL WORKS COMPANY standing on the books of said company in the name of S. A. Triplest.

my 12. Wan R. A. HURTHAL

NOTICE is hereby given that I have made application for the renewal of a CERTIFICATE OF STOCK of the Old Dominion from and Nall Works Company for 1st charge, said scrip having been lost.

[6 1-Min]

F. MARI, M. D.